

## Recombinant Human KIR3DL1 cell lysate

Cat. No. KIR3DL1-935HCL Lot. No. (See product label)

### SPECIFICATION

**Species**

Human

**Description**

Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed by natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19q13.4 within the 1 Mb leukocyte receptor complex (LRC). The gene content of the KIR gene cluster varies among haplotypes, although several "framework" genes are found in all haplotypes (KIR3DL3, KIR3DP1, KIR3DL4, KIR3DL2). The KIR proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin domains (2D or 3D) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic domain. KIR proteins with the long cytoplasmic domain transduce inhibitory signals upon ligand binding via an immune tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM), while KIR proteins with the short cytoplasmic domain lack the ITIM motif and instead associate with the TYRO protein tyrosine kinase binding protein to transduce activating signals. The ligands for several KIR proteins are subsets of HLA class I molecules; thus, KIR proteins are thought to play an important role in regulation of the immune response.

**Size**

100 ul

**Storage Buffer**

1X Sample Buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, 2% SDS, 10% glycerol, 300 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.01% Bromophenol blue)

**Applications**

Western Blot;

### GENE INFORMATION

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<b>Gene Name</b>	KIR3DL1 killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, three domains, long cytoplasmic tail, 1 [ Homo sapiens ]
<b>Official Symbol</b>	KIR3DL1
<b>Synonyms</b>	KIR3DL1; killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, three domains, long cytoplasmic tail, 1; KIR; killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor 3DL1; AMB11; CD158e1; CD158e1/2; CD158e2; cl 2; cl 11; nkat3; NKB1; NKB1B; NKAT-3; NK-receptor; KIR antigen 3DL1; killer Ig receptor; p70 NK receptor CL-2/CL-11; MHC class I NK cell receptor; CD158 antigen-like family member E; p70 killer cell inhibitory receptor; natural killer-associated transcript 3; HLA-BW4-specific inhibitory NK cell receptor; p70 natural killer cell receptor clones CL-2/CL-11; NKAT3; CD158E1; KIR3DL1/S1; MGC119726; MGC119728; MGC126589; MGC126591;
<b>Gene ID</b>	3811
<b>mRNA Refseq</b>	NM_013289
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	NP_037421
<b>MIM</b>	604946
<b>UniProt ID</b>	P43629
<b>Chromosome Location</b>	19q13.4
<b>Pathway</b>	Adaptive Immune System, organism-specific biosystem; Antigen processing and presentation, organism-specific biosystem; Antigen processing and presentation, conserved biosystem; Graft-versus-host disease, organism-specific biosystem; Graft-versus-host disease, conserved biosystem; Immune System, organism-specific

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biosystem; Immunoregulatory interactions between a Lymphoid and a non-Lymphoid cell, organism-specific biosystem;

**Function**

HLA-B specific inhibitory MHC class I receptor activity; receptor activity;

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