

Recombinant Human MAPK12 Protein (S2-L367), Tag Free

Cat. No. MAPK12-1086H Lot. No. (See product label)

SPECIFICATION

Product Overview	Recombinant Human GG-P38γ(S2-L367 end) Protein was expressed in Insect cell.
Species	Human
Source	Insect Cells
ProteinLength	S2-L367
Description	<p>Serine/threonine kinase which acts as an essential component of the MAP kinase signal transduction pathway. MAPK12 is one of the four p38 MAPKs which play an important role in the cascades of cellular responses evoked by extracellular stimuli such as proinflammatory cytokines or physical stress leading to direct activation of transcription factors such as ELK1 and ATF2. Accordingly, p38 MAPKs phosphorylate a broad range of proteins and it has been estimated that they may have approximately 200 to 300 substrates each. Some of the targets are downstream kinases such as MAPKAPK2, which are activated through phosphorylation and further phosphorylate additional targets. Plays a role in myoblast differentiation and also in the down-regulation of cyclin D1 in response to hypoxia in adrenal cells suggesting MAPK12 may inhibit cell proliferation while promoting differentiation. Phosphorylates DLG1. Following osmotic shock, MAPK12 in the cell nucleus increases its association with nuclear DLG1, thereby causing dissociation of DLG1-SFPQ complexes. This function is independent of its catalytic activity and could affect mRNA processing and/or gene transcription to aid cell adaptation to osmolarity changes in the environment. Regulates UV-induced checkpoint signaling and repair</p>

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of UV-induced DNA damage and G2 arrest after gamma-radiation exposure. MAPK12 is involved in the regulation of SLC2A1 expression and basal glucose uptake in L6 myotubes; and negatively regulates SLC2A4 expression and contraction-mediated glucose uptake in adult skeletal muscle. C-Jun (JUN) phosphorylation is stimulated by MAPK14 and inhibited by MAPK12, leading to a distinct AP-1 regulation. MAPK12 is required for the normal kinetochore localization of PLK1, prevents chromosomal instability and supports mitotic cell viability. MAPK12-signaling is also positively regulating the expansion of transient amplifying myogenic precursor cells during muscle growth and regeneration.

Form	Liquid
Endotoxin	< 0.01 EU per µg of the protein
Purity	90%
Stability	Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -20 to -80 centigrade.
Storage	Store it under sterile conditions at -20 to -80 centigrade. It is recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage Buffer	Supplied as sterile 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH7.5), 200 mM NaCl, 20% glycerol
Shipping	It is shipped out with blue ice.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	MAPK12 mitogen-activated protein kinase 12 [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	MAPK12

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Synonyms MAPK12; mitogen-activated protein kinase 12; SAPK3; ERK6; p38gamma; PRKM12; SAPK 3; ERK-6; MAPK 12; MAP kinase 12; MAP kinase p38 gamma; stress-activated protein kinase 3; mitogen-activated protein kinase 3; extracellular signal-regulated kinase 6; mitogen-activated protein kinase p38 gamma; ERK3; SAPK-3; P38GAMMA;

Gene ID [6300](#)

mRNA Refseq [NM_002969](#)

Protein Refseq [NP_002960](#)

MIM [602399](#)

UniProt ID [P53778](#)

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