

Recombinant HCoV-OC43 Spike Protein, His-tagged

Cat. No. Spike-350V **Lot. No.** (See product label)

SPECIFICATION

Product Overview	A DNA sequence encoding the Human coronavirus (HCoV-OC43) Spike S1 Protein (AVR40344.1) (Met1-Leu794) was expressed with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.
Species	HCoV-OC43
Source	HEK293
ProteinLength	Met1-Leu794
Description	The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses contains protrusions that will only bind to certain receptors on the host cell. Known receptors bind S1 are ACE2, angiotensin-converting enzyme 2; DPP4, dipeptidyl peptidase-4; APN, aminopeptidase N; CEACAM, carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 1; Sia, sialic acid; O-ac Sia, O-acetylated sialic acid. The spike is essential for both host specificity and viral infectivity. The term 'peplomer' is typically used to refer to a grouping of heterologous proteins on the virus surface that function together. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. It's been reported that SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19 coronavirus, 2019-nCoV) can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein

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plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity. The main functions for the Spike protein are summarized as: Mediate receptor binding and membrane fusion; Defines the range of the hosts and specificity of the virus; Main component to bind with the neutralizing antibody; Key target for vaccine design; Can be transmitted between different hosts through gene recombination or mutation of the receptor binding domain (RBD), leading to a higher mortality rate.

Form	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % trehalose, 5 % mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.
Molecular Mass	The recombinant HCoV-OC43 spike S1 consists of 793 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 89.02 kDa.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg protein as determined by the LAL method.
Purity	> 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Storage	Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C. It is recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of 0.2 ug/ul. Centrifuge the vial at 4°C before opening to recover the entire contents.