

Recombinant Human CD5L Protein, Myc/DDK-tagged, C13 and N15-labeled

Cat. No. CD5L-3061H **Lot. No.** (See product label)

SPECIFICATION

Product Overview	CD5L MS Standard C13 and N15-labeled recombinant protein (NP_005885) with a C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, was expressed in HEK293 cells.
Species	Human
Source	HEK293
Description	Secreted protein that acts as a key regulator of lipid synthesis: mainly expressed by macrophages in lymphoid and inflamed tissues and regulates mechanisms in inflammatory responses, such as infection or atherosclerosis. Able to inhibit lipid droplet size in adipocytes. Following incorporation into mature adipocytes via CD36-mediated endocytosis, associates with cytosolic FASN, inhibiting fatty acid synthase activity and leading to lipolysis, the degradation of triacylglycerols into glycerol and free fatty acids (FFA). CD5L-induced lipolysis occurs with progression of obesity: participates in obesity-associated inflammation following recruitment of inflammatory macrophages into adipose tissues, a cause of insulin resistance and obesity-related metabolic disease. Regulation of intracellular lipids mediated by CD5L has a direct effect on transcription regulation mediated by nuclear receptors ROR-gamma (RORC). Acts as a key regulator of metabolic switch in T-helper Th17 cells. Regulates the expression of pro-inflammatory genes in Th17 cells by altering the lipid content and limiting synthesis of cholesterol ligand of RORC, the master transcription factor of Th17-cell differentiation. CD5L is mainly present in non-pathogenic Th17 cells, where it decreases the content of polyunsaturated fatty acyls (PUFA), affecting two

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metabolic proteins MSMO1 and CYP51A1, which synthesize ligands of RORC, limiting RORC activity and expression of pro-inflammatory genes. Participates in obesity-associated autoimmunity via its association with IgM, interfering with the binding of IgM to Fc α /mu receptor and enhancing the development of long-lived plasma cells that produce high-affinity IgG autoantibodies. Also acts as an inhibitor of apoptosis in macrophages: promotes macrophage survival from the apoptotic effects of oxidized lipids in case of atherosclerosis. Involved in early response to microbial infection against various pathogens by acting as a pattern recognition receptor and by promoting autophagy.

Molecular Mass	38.1 kDa
AA Sequence	MALLFSLILAICTRPGFLASPSGVRLVGGLHRCEGRVEVEQKGQWGTVCDDGWDIK DVAVLCRELGCGAASGTPSGILYEPPAEKEQKVLIQSVSCTGTEDTLAQCEQEEVYD CSHDEDAGASCENPESSFSPVPEGVRLADGPGHCKGRVEVKHQNQWYTVVCQTG WSLRAAKVVCRQLGCGRAVLTKRCNKHAYGRKPIWLSQMSCSGREATLQDCPS GPWGKNTCNHDEDTWVECEDPFDLRLVGGDNLCSGRLEVLHKGWVGSVCDDNW GEKEDQVVCKQLGCGKSLSPSFRDRKCYGPGVGRIWLDNVRCSGEEQSLEQCQH RFWGFHDCTHQEDVAVICSGSGPTRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV
Purity	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Stability	Stable for 3 months from receipt of products under proper storage and handling conditions.
Storage	Store at -80 centigrade. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Concentration	50 μ g/mL as determined by BCA
Storage Buffer	100 mM glycine, 25 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.3.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name CD5L CD5 molecule-like [Homo sapiens (human)]

Official Symbol CD5L

Synonyms CD5L; CD5 molecule-like; API6, apoptosis inhibitor 6, CD5 antigen like (scavenger receptor cysteine rich family); CD5 antigen-like; Spalpha; CT-2; apoptosis inhibitor 6; igM-associated peptide; CD5 antigen-like (scavenger receptor cysteine rich family); AIM; API6; PRO229; SP-ALPHA;

Gene ID 922

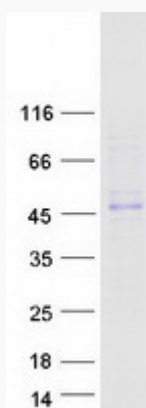
mRNA Refseq NM_005894

Protein Refseq NP_005885

MIM 602592

UniProt ID O43866

SDS-PAGE



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