

Recombinant Human ATP7A, Domain 2

Cat. No. ATP7A-455H Lot. No. (See product label)

SPECIFICATION

Product Overview	Recombinant Human ATPase, Cu ⁺⁺ transporting, alpha polypeptide expressed in <i>E.coli</i> was cloned from human cDNA with a C-terminal purification tag. The second soluble domain of the human Menkes protein (residues 169-240 swissprot accession Q04656). The C-terminal tag is cleaved during the purification. MW=8.4kDa.
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Species	Human
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Source	E.coli
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Protein Length	169-240 a.a.
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Description	ATP7A (ATPase, Cu ⁺⁺ transporting, alpha polypeptide (Menkes syndrome)) is a human gene that provides instructions to make a protein that is important for regulating copper levels in the body. This protein is found in most tissues, but it is absent from the liver. In the small intestine, the ATP7A protein helps control the absorption of copper from food. In other organs and tissues, the ATP7A protein has a dual role and shuttles between two locations within the cell. The protein normally resides in a cell structure called the Golgi apparatus, which modifies and transports newly produced enzymes and other proteins. Here, the ATP7A protein supplies copper to certain enzymes that are critical for the structure and function of bone, skin, hair, blood vessels, and the nervous system. If copper levels in the cell environment are elevated, however, the ATP7A protein moves to the cell membrane and eliminates excess copper from the cell.
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Purity	>95% by SDS-PAGE. The protein was observed as a single band migrating at amolecular weight of (<14kDa).
Supplied As	1.0mg at 1.0mg/ml in 50mM Tris/Mes pH8.0, 2mM DTT (Dithiothreitol). The concentration is calculated from the absorbance at 280nm (e280=1400M-1cm-1).
Characteristics	Under the above described conditions, to avoid precipitation or protein dimerization, the product can be concentrated to a maximum of 2mM.
Storage	-20°C. The protein is stable at 4°C for at least 2 weeks and at 25°C for at least several hours. After initial defrost, aliquot product into individual tubes and refreeze at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/defrost cycles.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	ATP7A ATPase, Cu++ transporting, alpha polypeptide [Homo sapiens]
Synonyms	ATP7A; ATPase, Cu++ transporting, alpha polypeptide; MK; MNK; FLJ17790; MC1; OHS; Copper pump 1; copper pump 1; copper-transporting ATPase 1; Cu++-transporting P-type ATPase; Menkes disease-associated protein; Menkes syndrome; EC 3.6.3.4
Gene ID	538
mRNA Refseq	NM_000052
Protein Refseq	NP_000043
MIM	300011
UniProt ID	Q04656

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Chromosome

Xq13.2-q13.3

Location

Function

ATP binding; ATPase activity, coupled to transmembrane movement of ions, phosphorylative mechanism; copper ion binding; copper ion transmembrane transporter activity; copper-dependent protein binding; copper-exporting ATPase activity; hydrolase activity; hydrolase activity, acting on acid anhydrides, catalyzing transmembrane movement of substances; magnesium ion binding; metal ion transmembrane transporter activity; nucleotide binding; superoxide dismutase copper chaperone activity

**PDB rendering based
on 1aw0.**

