

Recombinant Sudan ebolavirus GP, His-tagged

Cat. No. GP-11S **Lot. No.** (See product label)

SPECIFICATION

Product Overview	A DNA sequence encoding the Sudan ebolavirus(strain Gulu) GP (Met1-Arg501) was expressed with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.
Species	Sudan ebolavirus
Source	Insect Cells
ProteinLength	1-501 a.a.
Description	The fourth gene of the EBOV genome encodes a 160-kDa envelope-attached glycoprotein (GP) and a 110 kDa secreted glycoprotein (sGP). Both GP and sGP have an identical 295-residue N-terminus, however, they have different C-terminal sequences. Recently, great attention has been paid to GP for vaccines design and entry inhibitors isolation. GP is a class I fusion protein which assembles as trimers on viral surface and plays an important role in virus entry and attachment. Mature GP is a disulfide-linked heterodimer formed by two subunits, GP1 and GP2, which are generated from the proteolytical process of GP precursor (pre-GP) by cellular furin during virus assembly . The GP1 subunit contains a mucin domain and a receptor-binding domain (RBD); the GP2 subunit has a fusion peptide, a helical heptad-repeat (HR) region, a transmembrane (TM) domain, and a 4-residue cytoplasmic tail. The RBD of GP1 mediates the interaction of EBOV with cellular receptor (e.g. DC-SIGN/LSIGN, TIM-1, hMGL, NPC1, β-integrins, folate receptor-α, and Tyro3 family receptors), of which TIM1 and NPC1 are essential for EBOV entry; the mucin domain having N- and O-linked glycans enhances the viral attachment to cellular hMGL, and

 Tel: 1-631-559-9269 1-516-512-3133

 Email: info@creative-biomart.com  Fax: 1-631-938-8127

 45-1 Ramsey Road, Shirley, NY 11967, USA

participates in shielding key neutralization epitopes, which helps the virus evade immune elimination. There are large conformation changes of GP2 during membrane fusion, which enhance the insertion of fusion loop into cellular membrane and facilitate the release of viral nucleocapsid core to cytoplasm.

Predicted N Terminal	Met 33
Form	Lyophilized from sterile 20 mM Tris, 500 mM NaCl, 10 % glycerol, pH 7.4.
Molecular Mass	The recombinant Sudan ebolavirus(strain Gulu) GP consists 480 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 52.5 kDa.
Endotoxin	<1.0 eu per µg protein as determined by the lal</1.0
Purity	>90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Stability	Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70oC.
Storage	Store it under sterile conditions at -20oC to -80oC. It is recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	A hardcopy of COA with reconstitution instruction is sent along with the products.
Shipping	In general, recombinant proteins are provided as lyophilized powder which are shipped at ambient temperature. Bulk packages of recombinant proteins are provided as frozen liquid. They are shipped out with blue ice unless customers require otherwise.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name GP small secreted glycoprotein [Sudan ebolavirus]

 Tel: 1-631-559-9269 1-516-512-3133

 Email: info@creative-biomart.com  Fax: 1-631-938-8127

 45-1 Ramsey Road, Shirley, NY 11967, USA

Official Symbol	GP
Synonyms	GP; EBOV-G; Glycoprotein; virion spike glycoprotein precursor; small secreted glycoprotein; spike glycoprotein; YP_138523.1; processed by furin to yield GP1-GP2 heterodimer that forms membrane-anchored trimers (peplomers); YP_138524.1; forms dimers linked by disulfide bonds (parallel orientation); processed by furin to yield SGP and delta peptide
Gene ID	3160774
Protein Refseq	YP_138523

 Tel: 1-631-559-9269 1-516-512-3133 Email: info@creative-biomart.com  Fax: 1-631-938-8127 45-1 Ramsey Road, Shirley, NY 11967, USA